# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### 1. Identification

Product identifier	Feather-Rite Quart	
Other means of identification		
Product Code	21335	
Recommended use	Not available.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name Address	Quest Automotive Products 600 Nova Drive SE Massillon, OH 44646 United States	
Telephone E-mail Contact person	General Assistance rpandrus@quest-ap.com Ron Andrus	(330) 830-6000
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC	(800) 424-9300
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Cated

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 2
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements

Danger

Signal word Hazard statement

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	71.73% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 75.27% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 75.27% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Calcium carbonate		1317-65-3	30 to <40
Styrene, monomer		100-42-5	10 to <20
Sodium silicate		1344-09-8	5 to <10
Talc		14807-96-6	5 to <10
Silicon dioxide		7631-86-9	1 to <5
Sodium metaborate		7775-19-1	1 to <5
N,N-Diethylaniline		91-66-7	0.1 to <1
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	0.1 to <1
Other components below reportable levels	6		30 to <40

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. 5. Fire-fighting measures Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may Suitable extinguishing media be used for small fires only. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Unsuitable extinguishing media Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source Specific hazards arising from of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become the chemical electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Special protective equipment Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. and precautions for firefighters **Fire fighting** In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. equipment/instructions Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards Flammable liquid and vapor.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read
	and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
	For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
,		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.100	)0)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.100	)0)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
,		20 mppcf	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		20 mppcf	
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	40 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	

# US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
,		10 mg/m3	Total
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	425 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
	TWA	215 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.

#### **Biological limit values**

### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)	400 mg/g	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.2 mg/l	Styrene	Venous blood	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

### US - California OELs: Skin designation

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Skin designation applies.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.	
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.	
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.	

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid. Paste
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-23.8 °F (-31 °C) estimated

	boiling point and boiling	293 °F (145 °C) estimated
range		
Flash	•	93.9 °F (34.4 °C) estimated
-	oration rate	Not available.
Flamn	nability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper	r/lower flammability or exp	
FI (%	lammability limit - lower ⁄⁄)	1.1 % estimated
FI (%	lammability limit - upper ⁄⁄)	6.1 % estimated
E	xplosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Ex	xplosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor	r pressure	5.71 hPa estimated
Vapor	<sup>r</sup> density	Not available.
Relativ	ve density	Not available.
Solub	ility(ies)	
Se	olubility (water)	Not available.
	ion coefficient anol/water)	Not available.
Auto-i	ignition temperature	914 °F (490 °C) estimated
Decon	nposition temperature	Not available.
Viscos	sity	Not available.
Other	information	
D	ensity	8.80 lbs/gal
FI	lammability class	Flammable IC estimated
Р	ercent volatile	18.72 % estimated
S	pecific gravity	1.06
-	OC	18.3431655 % estimated

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Aluminum. Peroxides. Fluorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Coughing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Information on toxicological eff	ects
Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results	
N,N-Diethylaniline (CAS 91-66-7)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	782 mg/kg	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg	
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg	
Sodium metaborate (CAS 7775-19	9-1)		
<u>Acute</u>			
Oral			
LD50	Rat	2330 mg/kg	
Sodium silicate (CAS 1344-09-8)			
Acute			
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	1100 mg/kg	
	Rat	1.1 g/kg	
Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5	)		
Acute	, ,		
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	4940 ppm, 2 Hours	
	Rat	2770 ppm, 4 Hours	
		24 mg/l, 4 Hours	
Oral		24 mg/, 4 mours	
LD50	Mouse	316 mg/kg	
2000	Rat		
	ral	1 g/kg	
* Estimates for product may b	e based on additional componer	nt data not shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	ı		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to	o cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects.		
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.		
	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Silicon dioxide (CAS 763 Styrene, monomer (CAS Titanium dioxide (CAS 13 OSHA Specifically Regulate	1-86-9) 100-42-5)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 001-1050)	
Not listed.	NTD) Denert O		
	ogram (NTP) Report on Carcin	-	
Styrene, monomer (CAS		Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the un	uorri chila.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs thr	ough prolonged or repeated exposure.	

#### **Chronic effects**

Ecotoxicity

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

### 12. Ecological information

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
N,N-Diethylaniline (CA	AS 91-66-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1 - 1.6 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	16.4 mg/l, 96 hours
Sodium silicate (CAS	1344-09-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	0.28 - 0.57 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	1800 mg/l, 96 hours
Styrene, monomer (CA	AS 100-42-5)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours
Titanium dioxide (CAS	3 13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)	> 1000 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-o	ctanol / water (log Kow)
N,N-Diethylaniline	3.31
Styrene, monomer	2.95
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

#### DOT

UN number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name	<b>Resin Solution</b>
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-

Label(s) Packing group Special precautions for user Special provisions Packaging exceptions	3 III Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29 150
Packaging non bulk	203
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	Resin Solution
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user Other information	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1866
UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	Resin Solution
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S</u> - <u>E</u>
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	Not established.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### DOT



## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Standard, 29 CFR 1910.120 All components are on the U	0.	ed by the OSHA Hazard Communicati ntory List.	ion
TSCA Section 12(b) Export	Notification (40 CFR 707, Sul	opt. D)		
Not regulated.				
<b>CERCLA Hazardous Substa</b>	nce List (40 CFR 302.4)			
N,N-Diethylaniline (CAS 9		Listed.		
Styrene, monomer (CAS		Listed.		
SARA 304 Emergency relea	se notification			
Not regulated.	d Substanses (20 CER 4040	4004 4050)		
Not listed.	d Substances (29 CFR 1910.	1001-1050)		
Superfund Amendments and Re Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	AKA)		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard	lous substance			
Not listed.				
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No			
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)				
Chemical name		CAS number	% by wt.	
Styrene, monomer		100-42-5	10 to <20	
Other federal regulations				
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112 Hazardous Air Pollutan	ts (HAPs) List		
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~				
Styrene, monomer (CAS Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	100-42-5) • 112(r) Accidental Release P	revention (40 CFR	68.130)	
		revention (40 CFR	68.130)	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section		revention (40 CFR	68.130)	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act	112(r) Accidental Release P	revention (40 CFR	68.130)	
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) US state regulations	<b>112(r) Accidental Release P</b> Not regulated.		68.130) a Health and Safety Code Section 11	1100)
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) US state regulations	<b>112(r) Accidental Release P</b> Not regulated.			1100)
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Clean Air Act (CAA) Section Not regulated. Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) US state regulations US. California Controlled Su Not listed. US. California. Candidate Cl (a)) N,N-Diethylaniline (CAS 9 Styrene, monomer (CAS Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13 Silicon dioxide (CAS 763 Styrene, monomer (CAS Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13	A 112(r) Accidental Release P Not regulated. Ubstances. CA Department of hemicals List. Safer Consum 91-66-7) 100-42-5) 9463-67-7) 100-42-5) 91-66-7) 1-86-9) 100-42-5) 9463-67-7) 100-42-5) 9475-19-1) 100-42-5)	f Justice (California er Products Regula	Health and Safety Code Section 1	-

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3) N,N-Diethylaniline (CAS 91-66-7) Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

N,N-Diethylaniline (CAS 91-66-7) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date Version # HMIS® ratings	03-20-2015 01 Health: 2* Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
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